

sin'. Paul 'delivered him to Satan (i.e. probably passed upon him some sentence of excommunication) that he might learn not to blaspheme'. ¹

Now unto the King eternal, immortal, invisible, the only wise God, be honor and glory for ever. Amen. (I Timothy 1:17).

1. Rhema Study Bible, Bible Dictionary, p. 54.

FIRST STUDY

PAUL GIVES TIMOTHY MINISTRY COUNSEL
AND ENCOURAGEMENT
WARNING AGAINST FALSE TEACHING (I Timothy 1:3,4)

1. What is Paul's warnings concerning fables and endless genealogies (history) in I Timothy 1:3,4? _____

THE PURPOSE OF SOUND DOCTRINE (I Timothy 1:5-7)

1. (a) What does Paul call the doctrine of these desiring to be teachers of the law, who don't even understand what they are saying? (I Timothy 1:6)

(b) From I Timothy 1:5, what is the end of our goal of sound doctrine? _____

THE TRUE DOCTRINE OF THE LAW (I Timothy 1:8-11)

1. Is the law good if a man use it lawfully? (I Timothy 1:8) _____
2. (a) Is the law made for the righteous man? (I Timothy 1:9) _____
(b) For whom is the law made? Name the 15 listed (I Timothy 1:9,10):

- (1) _____
- (2) _____
- (3) _____
- (4) _____
- (5) _____
- (6) _____
- (7) _____
- (8) _____
- (9) _____
- (10) _____
- (11) _____
- (12) _____
- (13) _____
- (14) _____
- (15) _____

3. According to what, does Paul say he got the above list? (I Timothy 1:11) _____

PAUL'S TESTIMONY OF MERCY AND GOSPEL (I Timothy 1:12-20)

1. (a) What was Paul like before he obtained mercy? (I Timothy 1:13) _____
- (b) Why does he say he received mercy? (I Timothy 1:13) _____
- (c) How does Paul describe the Lord's grace?

(I Timothy 1:14,15) _____

(d) What kind of sinner does Paul say he was?
(I Timothy 1:15) _____

2. For what cause does Paul say he obtained mercy? (I Timothy 1:16) _____

3. In Paul's charge to his spiritual son, Timothy, according to the prophecies which were spoken over him in the past, what does Paul instruct him to do? (I Timothy 1:18,19) _____

Paul excommunicated (condemned) and turned over to Satan , Hymenaeus and Alexander, who became false teachers who taught error (I Timothy 1:19,20; II Timothy 2:17,18).

Hymenaeus, a Christian who fell into great error, 'saying that the resurrection is past already ', I Tim. 1:20.; 2 Tim. 2. 17. He had probably denied the doctrine of the resurrection of the body, and had taught, like some later heretics, that the only resurrection is 'the newness of life' which follows a 'death unto